JAGANNATHAN & SARABESWARAN CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHERN ENERGY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2022-23

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of M/s. Southern Energy Development Corporation Limited ("The Company") as at 31st March 2023 and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), and the Statement of Changes in Equity, and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required, and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2023, its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

There were no key audit matters that required our significant attention.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the

accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible
 for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place
 and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020, ("the Order) issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Sub section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure-1 a Statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors as on 31st March, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023 from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) The company has in place adequate internal financial control systems over financial reporting, and the controls were operatively effectively. Refer separate report in Annexure 2.

- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no remuneration was paid by the Company to its Directors.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend has been declared and paid during the year by the Company.

UDIN - 23206383BGPZJO2340

For Jagannathan & Sarabeswaran Chartered Accountants FRN 001204S

> Vivek Sarabeswaran Partner

(M.No.206383)

Place: Chennai Date: 13.04.2023



Annexure - 1

Annexure to the Independent Auditors' report referred to in Report on other legal and regulatory requirements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 on Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020

- (i) (a)(A) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets;
 - (b) Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; No discrepancies were noticed on such verification;
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company.
 - (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations provided to us there are no proceedings that have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is reasonable. According to the information and explanations given to us, no discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (b) The company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits during the year and this clause is not applicable to the company.
- (iii) The company has not made investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.
- (iv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (v) During the year the company has not accepted deposits from public.
- (vi) Maintenance of cost records specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act is not applicable to the company.
- (vii) (a) The company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities and there are no



outstanding statutory dues as at the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) The disputed statutory dues not provided for and disclosed under contingent liabilities are included in Note 22 of the financial statements.
- (viii) There are no transactions recorded in the books of account that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) Clauses (a) to (f) are not applicable as the company had no borrowings during the year.
- (x) (a) The company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
 - (b) the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.
- (xi) (a) According to the information and explanations provided to us, no fraud on or by the company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) The clause on whistle-blower complaints received during the year is not applicable to the company;
- xii) As the company is not a Nidhi Company, clauses (a) to (c) are not applicable to this company.
- xiii) Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to this company. All transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 188 of the Companies Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements, etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013.
 - (b) This clause is not applicable.
- (xv) Based on the information and explanations provided to us the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with Directors or persons connected with him;
- (xvi) (a) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934);
 - (b) The company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities;
 - (c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India;

Accountants

(d) We were informed that the Group has no Core Investment Company;

- (xvii) The company has incurred cash losses in the financial year but generated a cash surplus in the immediately preceding financial year. The cash losses (Net profit after tax adjusted for deferred tax, depreciation and amortization) in the financial year is Rs.418 lakhs.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the Statutory Auditors during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the Balance Sheet date.
- (xx) (a) The company has no unspent amount in respect of other than ongoing projects that requires to be transferred to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act; (b) This clause is not applicable.
- (xxi) This clause on qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements is not applicable.

UDIN - 23206383BGPZJO2340

For Jagannathan & Sarabeswaran **Chartered Accountants** FRN 001204S

> Vivek Sarabeswaran Partner

M. No.206383

Place: Chennai Date: 13.04.2023

ANNEXURE TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF SOUTHERN ENERGY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Southern Energy Development Corporation Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

UDIN - 23206383BGPZJO2340

For Jagannathan & Sarabeswaran
Chartered Accountants
FRN 001204S

Vivek Sarabeswaran

Partner (M.No.206383)

Place: Chennai

Date: 13.04.2023

		ce Sheet as on ended March 31, 2023	Note		
		Particulars	No.	As at 31.03.2023	Ās at 31.03.202
R.		ASSETS	-		
- 1	1	Non-current assets			
- 1	Ţ)	(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	1 1	848	29
- 1		(b) Capital work-in-progress	î	010	44:
- 1		(c) Other Intangible assets	l 'I	18	44
- 1		(d) Financial Assets	ll	· ·	
- 1		(i) Investments	2	24,770	20,16
- 1		(ii) Other Financial Assets	3	24,170	·
- 1		(e) Deferred tax assets (net)	3	287	0.0
- 1		(f) Other non-current assets	5		25
- 1		**		116	10
- 1	2	Total Non - Current Assets	1 1	26,021	21,27
- 1		(a) Inventories	ا ا	70	_
			6	56	6
		(b) Financial Assets	ا ا		
	- 1	(i) Investments	2	221	
	- 1	(ii) Trade receivables	7	198	23
		(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	8	111	50
		(iv) Other Financial assets	9	1	
		(c) Other current assets	10	16	
- 1	- 1	Total Current Assets		382	88
\dashv		Total Assets (1+2)		26,403	22,15
3		EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
- 1	1	Equity			
- 1	1	(a) Share capital	11	46	4
- 1	- 1	(b) Other Equity	lla		4
	- 1	1.1		26,110	21,94
	- 1	Total equity attributable to owners of the Company LIABILITIES	l ł	26,156	21,99
	2	Non-current liabilities	1 1		
	ʻ۱	(a) Provisions	12	0,1	
	- 1			31	3
	3	Total Non - Current Liabilities Current liabilities	1 1	31	3
	ျ	(a) Financial Liabilities			
-1	- 1	1 1			
- 1	- 1	 (i) Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 			
-1	- 1	rotal outstatiding dues of flucro enterprises and small enterprises	1 1	∞ .	-
Т	- 1	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	13	196	11
	- 1	small enterprises			
- 1	- 1	(b) Provisions	14	16	1
- 1		(c) Other current liabilities	15	4	
1		Total Current Liabilities		216	13
			I		
	- 1	Total Equity and Liabilities (1+2+3)	l î	26,403	22,15
- 11				20,200	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For Jagannathan & Sarabeswaran

Chartered Accountants

FRN 001204S

Vivek Sarabeswaran

Partner

Membership No : 206383

Place : Chennai Date : 13/04/2023 For Southern Energy Development Corporation Ltd.

Nair Nandkuma Director

08660881

Director 01204396

K. Raghunandan



Southern Energy Development Corporation Limited Statement of Profit and Loss

				Rupees in lakhs
	Particulars	Note No.	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
I	Revenue from operations	16	2,612	2,454
II	Other Income	17	101	115
Ш	Total Revenue (I + II)		2,713	2,569
IV	EXPENSES			
	(a) Cost of materials consumed	1 1	2,720	906
	(b) Employee benefits expense	18	158	134
	(c) Depreciation and amortisation expense	1 1	48	13
	(d) Other expenses	19	253	595
	Total Expenses		3,179	1,648
V	Profit/(loss) before tax (III-IV)		(466)	921
VI	Tax Expense	1	, , ,	
	(1) Current tax	20	5 ₩ 6	210
	(2) Deferred tax	20	(27)	26
	Total tax expense		(27)	236
VII	Profit/(loss) for the period (V-VI)		(439)	685
VIII	Other comprehensive income	1 1	4,603	7,556
	A (i) Items that will not be recycled to profit or loss	1	•	-
	(a) Remeasurements of the defined benefit (liabilities) / asset	1 1	(0)	(1)
	(b) Equity instruments through other comprehensive income	1 1	4,603	7,557
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			,
IX	Total comprehensive income for the period (VII+VIII)		4,164	8,241
х і	Earnings per Equity share on profit for the year			, ,
	Basic and Diluted	28	(95.42)	148.85

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For Jagannathan & Sarabeswaran

Chartered Accountants

FRN 001204S

Vivek Sarabeswaran

Partner

Membership No : 206383

Place : Chennai Date : 13/04/2023 For Southern Energy Development Corporation Ltd.

Nair Nandkumar Director

Director 08660881

ctor

K. Raghunandan

Director 01204396



					(Rupees in lakhs)
Particulars		FY 2	022-23	FY 20	21-22
Profit before tax		75.7	(466)		92
Adjustment for :			i		
Depreciation and amortisation		48		13	
Finance costs				×	
Interest income	1 1	(2)		(5)	
Profit on sale of Investment	1	te l			
Dividend income	1	(86)		(73)	
Impairment loss on financial assets (net)	1 1				
Allowance for doubtful receivable and advances	- 1			_	
Reversal of allowance for doubtful receivables and advances	1 1				
Provision for expenses no longer required written back	1 1	- E		<u> </u>	
Loss/(profit) on sale of assets (net)	1 1	(23)		8	
Loss /(profit) on exchange fluctuation (net)	1	à 1	(63)	<u> </u>	(65
Operating profit before working capital changes			(529)		856
Movement in working capital			·/		-
(Increase)/decrease in Trade Receivables		32		35	
(Increase)/decrease in Inventories	1 1	4		(20)	
(Increase)/decrease in Other financial asset	1 1	(0)		(0)	
(Increase)/decrease in Other assets	1	56		41	
Increase/(decrease) in Trade payables		85		21	
Increase/(decrease) in Provision & other current liabilities	- 1				
Increase/(decrease) in Other financial liabilities	1 0	(3)	1774	12	
Cash generated from Operations	1 1	-	174		89
Income tax paid			(355)		945
Net cash generated by Operating activities	F.W.1		(900)		(210
Cash flow from investing activities	[A]		(355)		735
Payments to acquire fixed asset		(154)		(040)	
Payments for Intangible asset		(154)		(648)	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		23			
Proceeds / (Purchase) of Investments	11	0		** (B)	
Interest income received		2		(3)	
Dividend income received		86		5 73	
Net cash (used in)/generated by Investing activities	[B]	- 00	(43)	13	(F7)
Cash flow from financing activities	[2]		(40)		(573
Proceeds from issue of equity shares					
Repayment/proceeds from long term borrowings					
Repayment/proceeds from borrowings		\$ 1		i i	
Lease liability paid		<u> </u>		l ĝ	
Finance costs paid		÷			
Dividend paid to Shareholder (including tax)	1 1			(230)	
Net cash used in Financing activities	[C]			(230)	(230
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents [A]+[B]+[C]	101		(398)		(68
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			(030)		100
Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet :					
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		I			
Cash and cash equivalents		I	509		57
Current investment considered as Cash and Cash equivalents		I	500		31.
		ì	509		577
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		t			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		- 1	,,,		
Current investment considered as Cash and Cash equivalents		I	111	X .	509
a manufacture and a manufacture of the same of the sam		ļ.			-
			111		509

For Jagannathan & Sarabeswaran Chartered Accountants FRN 0012045

Vive Sarabeswaran

Partner Membership No : 206383

Place : Chennai Date : 13/04/2023

For Southern Energy Development Corporation Ltd.

Nair Nandkumar

Director 08660881

K. Raghunandan Director 01204396



Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

A. Corporate Information

Southern Energy Development Corporation Limited (SEDCO), subsidiary of M/s. Carborundum Universal Limited, commenced its operation in 1999. The prime objective of the company is to meet the energy requirements of its investor companies which are part of the Murugappa Group. The company is currently operating a 5 MW, Natural Gas based power plant located at Nallur, Mannargudi (Taluk) The company is procuring Natural Gas from ONGC and generating power for captive use by various industrial units of its investors by wheeling the generated power to TANGEDCO's Grid from its Nallur Plant. The company is also into the business of sale and installation of solar power systems to various customers.

B. Significant accounting policies

(i) Basis on preparation and presentation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained below:

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an ordinary transactions between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use as in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurements in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- b. Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly;
- c. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability;

ii. Property, plant and equipment and the depreciation / impairment

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

All tangible assets (other than computer hardware and software) acquired prior to 31st December 2019 were fully depreciated during the period of the ONGC gas supply agreement that was valid till 31st December 2019, and tangible assets (other than computer hardware and software) acquired from 1st January 2020 shall be depreciated over the period of the term of the new agreement with ONGC (December 2024) and the agreement with Solar Power Customer (December 2044). Computer hardware and software are depreciated on Straight line method (SLM) over the useful life of the asset as per schedule II of The Companies ACT, 2013.

iii. Intangible assets and amortization

Intangible assets (computer software) acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortization. Amortization / depreciation is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life as determined under Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.

iv. Financial instruments - Financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial instrument being a financial asset or a financial liability is recognized only when the company has become party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial asset or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transactions costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss. Any subsequent changes in fair value of a financial asset or liability are recognized in the profit and loss account.

Unconditional trade receivables and payables are recognized as assets or liabilities when the entity becomes a party to the contract and, consequently has a legal right to receive or a legal obligation to pay cash. Unconditional trade receivables are measured at their transaction price. No lifetime expected credit losses are recognized for billing on group companies as the entire receivables are recovered in entirety.

Investments held for trading are subsequently measured at fair value through the profit and loss account. Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.



Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

v. Non - Current assets - Investments

Investment in the equity shares of Group companies have been recognized at cost, and subsequent changes in the fair value have been irrevocably recognized in other comprehensive income. Dividends on investments in shares of Group companies are recognized in the profit and loss account.

vi. Inventories

Inventories of consumable stores and engineering spares are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes all costs of purchase, duties and other taxes, transport, handling and other costs net of trade discounts and rebates. In respect of consumable stores and engineering spares, cost is determined using the weighted average method. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated cost of completion and cost necessary to make the sale.

vii. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the transaction price for each separate performance obligation taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. The transaction price is net of estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Energy sales is accounted in accordance with Ind AS 115, and represents performance obligation of electricity generated and wheeled into the TANGEDCO grid and corresponding credit for wheeled power is transferred by TANGEDCO to our customers in their monthly electricity bills. The Company in turn, raises invoices on a monthly basis on its captive customers in line with credit given by TANGEDCO.

Energy sales from Solar plant is accounted accordance with Ind AS 115 and represents the performance obligation of electricity generated and wheeled directly to the grid of the customer. The company raises invoices to their customers at the agreed per unit rate as per the power purchase agreement.

Revenue on Sale of Solar Power Systems is accounted accordance with Ind AS 115, and represents the performance obligation on sale and installation of Solar Power System in the customer premises as per agreed terms and rates.

Interest income is accounted on accrual basis and divided income is accounted for when the right to receive the payment is established.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

viii. Provisions

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made.

ix. Post-employment benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

The liability for retirement benefit of gratuity to employees as at the Balance Sheet date is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method and is funded to a Gratuity fund administered by the Trustees and managed by SBI Life Insurance Company Limited. The unfunded portion of the liability for gratuity is provided for in the accounts. The actuarial gain or loss is recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).

x. Foreign currency transactions & balances

Transactions in Foreign currencies are accounted for in rupee terms at the relevant applicable exchange rates on the date of transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate and the resultant gain/loss, if any, is recognized in the profit and loss account.

xi. Income taxes

Current tax for current period and prior periods, if any is determined on income for the year chargeable to tax in accordance with Income Tax Act, 1961. Current and deferred tax are recognized as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the period, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognized, in the same or a different period, outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

A deferred tax liability shall be recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets have been recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized.

Current tax liabilities or assets for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

xii. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net profit after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares issued.

Diluted Earnings per equity share is computed by dividing adjusted net profit after tax by the aggregate of weighted average number of equity shares & dilutive potential equity shares during the year.

xiii. Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are disclosed for:

- Possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.



Property, plant and equipment

Note No 1 (Rupees in lakhs)

							(woheaz in invital)	
						As at	As at	
Carrying Amount of:	ying Amount of:							
Freehold land						13	13	
Buildings						5		
Plant and equipment					1	830	278	
Furniture and fittings						٥	(
Vehicles					1	* 1	*2	
Vehicle under finance lease					- 1			
					1	848	296	
Capital work-in-progress						0	447	
						848	738	
Carrying Cost	Freehold land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Furniture and fittings	Vehicles	Vehicle under finance lease	Total	
Balance at March 31, 2022	13	120	2,141		3763		2,282	
Additions		:*	598		2.90	:::	598	
Disposals	3	9	- Q	5	100	2 i	22	
Acquisition through business combination		¥	100	4	343	94		
Balance at March 31, 2023	13	120	2,739	. 8	1.6		2,880	
: Accumulated Depreciation	Freehold land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Furniture and fittings	Vehicles	Vehicle under finance lease	Total	
Balance at March 31, 2022	+: 1	115	1,861	В	0	0	1,984	
Additions			48		1.00		48	
Disposals	Ş .	- 3		- 2	18		22	
Acquisition through business combination	¥		\$ C	- 2	195	2		
Balance at March 31, 2023	-	115	1,906	8	190		2,032	

848

Capital work in progress movement	
Balance at March 31, 2022	442
Addition during the year	160
Capitalised during the year	602
Balance at March 31, 2023	-

Written Down Value	Freehold land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Furniture and fittings	Vehicles	Vehicle under finance lease	Total
Carrying amount				*:			5
Balance at March 31, 2022	13	4	278	0		9 1	296
Additions	2	14	602	***		- 2 ⊢	602
Disposals	8		2				2
	2:	G	25	25		8 1	2
Depreciation expense			48	*5	£3		48
Balance at March 31, 2023	13	4	830	0	-		848

Other Intangible assets

Carrying amounts of :	As at		
Carrying amounts or:	31.3.2023	31.3.2022	
Trademark			
Software	₩	G (
Technical Know-how	2	. ∓	
Intangible assets under development		*	
	-		

Cost or deemed cost	Trademark	Software	Technical know how	Total
Balance at March 31, 2022		1		1
Additions	2	20		
Disposals		÷1	28	
Balance at March 31, 2023	*	1	- 3	1
	i			

Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Trade mark	Software	Technical know how	Total
Balance at March 31, 2022 Additions	#000 #000	1	1	,1
Disposals	€	¥		
Balance at March 31, 2023		1		1

Significant intangible assets
The Company does not hold any intangible assets that materially affect the business operations of the company.

CWIP	Amount of CWIP for a period of					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
Project in Progress	442	ž.	- 2		442	
Projects temporarily suspended	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		

Ageing of Capital Work in Progress - FY 2021-22

CWIP	Amount of CWIP for a period of					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
Project in Progress	442	*	10		442	
Projects temporarily	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
suspended						

There are no projects where completion is overdue or costs has exceeded compared to original,



Non-current investments

Note No 2

	Quantiti	ies in nos.	Nominal	Va	lue
	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022	value	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Quoted (Trade)					
(a) Investments in equity instruments Equity Shares (fully paid) Instruments at FVTOCI: Carborundum Universal Limited *	24,49,240	24,49,240	1	24,142	19,539
Unquoted (Trade)			()		ı
(b) Investments in other equity instruments					1
Equity Shares (fully paid) Instruments at FVTOCI:		3 E			e 2
Murugappa Organo Water Solution Limited #	39,922	8,921	10	628	628
Instruments at FVTPL Ciria India limited	1	1	- 330	0	0
					8
Total			L	24,770	20,167

Category-wise other investments

	As	at
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
Mandatorily measured at FVTPL(unquoted equity shares)	0	0
Financial assets designated at FVTOCI(Equity instruments)	24,770	20,167
Investments at cost(includes investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures)	105	z
	24,770	20,167

Note:

* Shares purchased before becoming a subsidiary of Carborundum Universal Ltd.

No voting rights are exercisable in $\,$ respect of these shares (Sec 19(1) (c) of The Companies Act,2013)

Investments recorded at fair value based on the valuation report of a Chartered Accountant.

Current Investments

	Quantit	ies in nos.	Nominal	Val	ue
	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022	value	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Quoted (Non-Trade)					
(a) Investments in Mutual Funds	- 391	ī	225	342	<u> </u>
Total	380			/(€)	*



Other Financial Assets

Note No 3 (Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars		
	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
a) Casurity Danasita		
a) Security Deposits - Secured, considered good		
	1	-
- Unsecured, considered good	0	0
b) Bank deposits with more than 12 months maturity		-
c) Others		_
- Doubtful		_
TOTAL (A)	0	0



Note No 4

Deferred tax balance

(Rupees in lakhs)

	As	at
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Deferred tax assets *	287	259
Deferred tax liabilities		

FY 2022-23

Breakup of deferred tax asset/ liabilities	Opening balance	Recognised in profit & loss	Recognised in OCI	Closing Balance
Depreciation-Project-II Only	259	27	ď	287

FY 2021-22

Breakup of deferred tax asset/ liabilities	Opening balance	Recognised in profit & loss	Recognised in OCI	Closing Balance
Depreciation-Project-II Only	285	(27)	ii.	259

^{*} The deferred tax asset relating to the unabsorbed business losses is not recognized in the current year considering the uncertainity prevailing over the input gas prices. As a matter of prudence the recognition is not done.

However the unabsorbed business losses are eligible to be carried forward and set off against the taxable business income in future.



Other Non-Current Assets

Note No 5

(Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Advance income tax Unsecured, considered good	116	104
Capital Advance	3 e	4
TOTAL	116	109



Inventories

Note No 6

(Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Stores and spares	56	61
Total Inventories *	56	61
*at the lower of cost and net realisable value		



Southern Energy Development Corporation Limited

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Note No 7 (Rupees in lakhs)

Receivables

The general average credit period on sale of energy is 7 days and the dues are usually realized with in the credit period. So no interest is charged on trade receivables.

No expected credit losses on supply of to Murugappa group companies and there has been no history of credit loss.

Expected credit loss for non-related parties	Expected credit loss (%)
Within the credit period	0%
1-30 days past due	0%
31-60 days past due	0%
61-90 days past due	0%
90-180 days past due	0%
181-365 days past due	50%
More than 365 days past due	100%

Movement in the expected credit loss allowance	As	at
	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	
Movement in the expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables calculated at life time expected credit	<u> </u>	-
osses		
	5 %	· ·

Trade receivables

Particulars		
	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
	Current	Current
Trade Receivables :	1 1	
(a) Considered good	198	230
(b) Doubtful		
Less: Allowance for Credit Losses	198	230
TOTAL	198	230

Debts due by directors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or debts due by firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.

*To be read with Note 29





Ageing schedule is to be given for Trade receivables from the due date

- (i) Where no due date of payment is specified disclosure shall be from the date of the transaction.
 (ii) Disputed dues shall be disclosed separately. Dispute means disagreement between two parties demonstrated by some positive evidence which supports or corroborates the fact of disagreement.
 (iii) Total Trade receivable ageing shall be segregated into related and non related parties to enable elimination age bucketwise when consolidating

		As at 31 March	As at 31 March 2023 - Non - Related parties	ed parties				
			Less than 6	Less than 6 6 months to 1				
Particulars	Unbilled due	Not due	months	year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	2-3 Years More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivable-Considered good		54		0				54
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivable-which have significant								
increase in credit risk								
(iii) Undisputed Trade receivable-credit impaired								
(iv) Disputed Trade receivable-Considered good								
(v) Disputed Trade receivable-which have significant								
increase in credit risk								
(vi) Disputed Trade receivable-credit impaired								

		han 3 years Total	144
		1- 2 years 2-3 Years More than 3 years	
		1- 2 years	104
arties	Less than 1	Year	
As at 31 March 2023 - Related parties	Less than 6	months	7
As at 31 Mai		Not due	137
		Unbilled due	S.
		Particulars	Related parties

		As at 31 March	As at 31 March 2022 - Non - Related parties	ed parties				
			Less than 6 6 months to 1	6 months to 1				
Particulars	Unbilled due	Not due	months	year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	2-3 Years More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivable-Considered good			20					50
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivable-which have significant								
increase in credit risk								
(iii) Undisputed Trade receivable-credit impaired								
(iv) Disputed Trade receivable-Considered good								
(v) Disputed Trade receivable-which have significant								
increase in credit risk								
(vi) Disputed Trade receivable-credit impaired								

	Total	180
	1- 2 years 2-3 Years More than 3 years	£ 3• .8
	2-3 Years	
	1- 2 years	(s • 77
arties	Less than 1 Year	
As at 31 March 2022 - Related parties	Less than 6 months	9760
As at 31 Mar	Not due	180
	Unbilled due	2(a);
	Particulars	Related parties

Cash and Bank Balances

Note No 8 (Rupees in lakhs)

			(imposs missing)
	Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Curi	rent Cash and bank balances		
(a)	Unrestricted Balances with banks		
	(i) In Current Account	111	64
l	(ii) In Deposit Account	. 5	445
(b)	Cash in hand	0	0
	Total Cash and cash equivalents	111	509

During the year, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions on investing & financing activities.



Other Financial Assets - Current

Note No 9
(Rupees in lakhs)

		(mapees in lakins)
Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
a) Loans and advances to employees - Festival Advances	1	0
b) Other Loans and Advances - Unsecured, considered good	24	2
TOTAL	1	0
*Refer Note No 29 for additional disclosures		



Other current assets

Note No 10 (Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Prepayments	7	14
Trade Advances	9	71
TOTAL	16	85



Equity Share Capital For Financial Year 2022-23 Note no 11 (Rupees in lakhs)

	Balance as at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period
Authorised					
1,250,000 (Previous Year - 1,250,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each 600,000 (Previous year - 600,000) - 13% redeemable cumulative preference shares	125	8.	**	100	125
@ Rs.100 each	600		570	0.50	600
	725				725
Issued Capital 1,200,040 (Previous year 1,200,040) - equity shares of Rs 10 each 600,000 (Previous year 600,000) 13% redeemable cumulative preference shares	120				120
@ Rs 100 each	600				600
	720				720
Subscribed and paid-up 460,008 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid (Previous year 460,008 of Rs.10 each	as				46
fully paid)	46 46		·		41

Note: 40,032 shares of Rs 10 each have been bought back at a price of Rs 545 per share from the share holders pursuant to the offer for buy-back of shares made during the FY 2008-09. Of this, the holding company M/s Carborundum Universal Ltd holds 389,908 equity shares - (Previous year - 389,908 equity shares)

Equity Share Capital For Financial Year 2021-22

	Balance as at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period
Authorised					
1,250,000 (Previous Year - 1,250,000)					
equity shares of Rs. 10 each	*	*	1,98	=:	Ť:
600,000 (Previous year - 600,000) - 13% redeemable cumulative preference shares					
@ Rs.100 each	46	=	15	g l	46
e Nation Count	46				46
Issued Capital					
1,200,040 (Previous year 1,200,040) -					
equity shares of Rs 10 each					a .
600,000 (Previous year 600,000) 13%					
redeemable cumulative preference shares					
@ Rs 100 each	*				
	•				•
Subscribed and paid-up 460,008 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully					
paid (Previous year 460,008 of Rs.10 each					
fully paid)	46				46
Total	46				46

Note: 40,032 shares of Rs 10 each have been bought back at a price of Rs 545 per share from the share holders pursuant to the offer for buy-back of shares made during the FY 2008-09. Of this, the holding company M/s Carborundum Universal Ltd holds 389,908 equity shares - (Previous year - 389,908 equity shares)

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate share capital in the company

Name of shareholders	As at 31.03.2023		As at 31.03.2022	
	No. of Shares	% of holding	No. of Shares	% of holding
Carborundum Universal Ltd	3,89,904	84.76%	3,89,904	84.76%
Tube Investments of India Ltd	70,000	15.22%	70,000	15.22%
Others	104	0.02%	104	0.02%
Total	4,60,008	100.00%	4,60,008	100.00%



Additional information	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
a) Aggregate number and class of shares	71 72	
allotted as fully paid up pursuant to		
contract without payment being received		
in cash	NII	Nil
b) Aggregate number and class of shares		
allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus		
shares; and	Nil	Nil
c) Aggregate number and class of shares		370
bought back	Nil	Nil

eld by Promoters				
	for Financial Year 2022-23			
S.No	Promoter Name	No of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
1	Carborundum Universal Limited	3,89,908	84.76%	NIL
S.No	for Financial Year 2021-22 Promoter Name	No of shares	% of total shares	% change during the ye



Note no 11A (Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars	Equity component Share application of compound money pending instruments allotment	Equity component of compound financial instruments	Capital Reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premlum	General Reserve	General Reserve Retained Earnings	Debt instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Revaluation Surplus	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	Exchange Other feens of Other translating the Insome Of a foreign statements the Insome Of a foreign defined benefit against share operation islabilities (Isseet) warrants	Money received against share warrants	Total
Balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period	*	100	0	509	*	439	1,053	i¥	19,879		ù	1.45	(62)	G.	21,946
	707	00	00	12	1	t);	8.	**	90	*0	88	100	5.	360	9
Changes in accounting policy / prior period items Restated balance at the heainning of the previous renorting	9	9	0	e e	3	3.5	(b)	ř	61	61	8	8	6	307	201
period	9	3.	00	it:	3	it:	¥	*		*	i i	10	17	8	-
Profit for the year	41	20	0	10	ij	t	(439)	*	31	0	200	10	5	ŝ	(439)
Total Comprehensive Income for the previous year	15	63	000	8!	9	3		15	4,603	0					4,603
Dividends	94	le:	()	(2)	8	æ		107)()	000		943	C		3
Transfer to Retained Earnings	*	*	*	*	*	*	(2)	¥	()	00	(9)	22.	(0)	282	[0]
Any other change (to be specified)	•				3.5	*	80	n	×	×	300	8	U	18.	8,
Balance at the end of the previous reporting period	2			604	8	439	614		24,483	100		,	(62)	1	26,110

								Res	Reserves and Surplus						
Particulars	Equity component Share application of compound money pending financial allooment instruments	Equity compound floancial instruments	Capital Reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium G	eneral Reserve	General Reserve Retained Earnings	Debt instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	fir Revaluation Surplus	Exchange differences on translating the not a teatements fitte of a foreign operation	Exchange Other items of Other transisting the Income Income of a facility of a foreign defined benefit against share operation is abilities (issuet)	Money received against share warrants	Total
Changes in accounting policy / prior period items	02	34	ΣX	604	05	439	865	ia	12,322	114	W.	4	(58)	ē	13,935
Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting													•		
period	77	A	93	8	7.	*		9	91	¥	9.	*	*	8	-
Profit for the year		(4)	500	000	/.5										
Total Comprehensive Income for the previous year	72	394	0.00	998	.05	101	311	9/4	559	89	OU.	317		77	20
Dividends	121	(4)	00	(4)	9	(*)	989	(4)	JIP.	(4)	(7)	:5		3	685
Transfer to Retained Earnings	27	*	90		50	(*)	#1	9	7,557	141	Z	*	(1)	8	7,556
Any other change (to be specified)				Se	(*)	30	(230)	4		20					(230)
Balance at the end of the previous reporting period	4	(A	S#	((r			2	2.5	÷.		•	S.	5.		
Any other change (to be specified)	68	i di	4	18	11.		81	(3)		á	28			æ	of
Balance at the end of the previous reporting period	*	*	×	604		439	1,053	28.0	19,879	SK.	185	3.5	(62)	(7)	21,946



B. Other Equity FY 2022-2023

Non-Current Liabilities - Provisions

Note No 12 (Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Gratuity Liability	31	31



Trade Payables - Current

Note No. 13 (Rupees in lakhs)

		(copees in taking)
Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Total outstandings due to micro and small enterprises -		
Also refer Note no.23		
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	103	90
Other Accruals	81	11
Employee Benefits Expenses	-	\$
Gratuity	0	0
Leave Fare Assistance	2	1
Provident Fund	1	1
Incentive	9	8
Total trade payables	196	111

Ageing schedule for Trade Payables:

As at 31 March 2023 - Non - Related parties

Unbilled due Not due		Less than 1 Year	1- 2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
	102	1		l.		10
oues - MSME						
Dues - Others						

As at 31 March 2023 - Related parties

Particulars	Unbilled due	Not due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME							96
(ii) Others			2.43				190
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	1			1			
((iv) Disputed Dues - Others				l .	l.		

As at 31 March 2022 - Non - Related parties

		TEN GE ST MIGH CH A	Own Non Remited parties				
Particulars	Unbilled due	Not due	Less than 1 Year	1- 2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME							
(ii) Others	1	34	53	I.			87
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	1		l	1			
((iv) Disputed Dues - Others	1		l'				
			l .	1		1	

As at 31 March 2022 - Related parties

Particulars	Unbilled due	Not due	Less than 1 Year	1- 2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME							
(ii) Others			3				3
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME							
((iv) Disputed Dues - Others				1			



Provisions - Current

Note No 14 (Rupees in lakhs)

	As at 31.03.2022
16	16
<u> </u>	.c.,
16	16
	<u>5</u> ,



Other Current Liabilities

Note No 15 (Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars	As a	As at
Faiticulais	31.03.202	31.03.2022
Others		
- Statutory liabilities	4	8
TOTAL OTH	ER LIABILITIES 4	8



Revenue from Operations

Note No 16 (Rupees in lakhs)

	Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
(a)	Revenue from sale of energy, sale and service of solar power systems	2,586	2,451
(b)	Other operating income	26	3
	Total Revenue from Operations	2,612	2,454

(a) Reve	nue from Sales & Services	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
(i)	Revenue from Sale of Energy - generated from Natural Gas	2,270	2,391
(ii)	Revenue from Solar Power System Sale & AMC Income	196	32
(iii)	Revenue from Sale of Energy - Generated through Solar Energy	120	28
	Total Sales	2,586	2,451

(b) Other Operating Income		FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
(i) Scrap Sale		26	3
	Total	26	3



Other Income

Note No 17 (Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars		FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Dividend Income from long term investments		86	73
Dividend Income from Current Investments Interest income from banks		2	5
Insurance claims		13	37
	Total	101	115



Employee Benefits Expense

Note No 18 (Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Salaries and wages, including bonus	126	98
Contribution to provident and other funds	24	21
Staff welfare expenses	8	15
Total Employee Benefits Expense	158	134



Other Expenses

Note No 19 (Rupees in lakhs)

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-2
Consumption of stores and spares	115	383
Rates and taxes	8	20
Insurance	13	10
Repairs to:		· ·
- Buildings	1	1
- Machinery	7	19
- Others	11	2
Data Processing Charges	1	1
Auditors' remuneration	2	1
Travel and Conveyance	16	22
Freight, delivery and shipping charges	0	2
Advertisement and publicity	-	1
Printing, stationery and communication	1	1
Corporate social responsibilities	17	12
Professional fees	57	112
Loss on sale of Fixed assets		_
Miscellaneous expenses	4	8
Total Other Expe	enses 253	595



Income tax recognised in profit or loss

Note No 20 (Rupees in lakhs)

Current tax In respect of the current year In respect of the prior year Other (describe) Deferred tax In respect of the current year In respect of the current year In respect of the current year Adjustment to deferred tax attributable to changes in tax rates and laws Total income tax recognised in the current year Income tax recognised in the current year Income tax reconciliation Profit before tax (466) Tax expenses reported during the year Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Difference (27) Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses	
Current tax In respect of the current year In respect of the prior year Other (describe) Deferred tax In respect of the prior year Other (describe) Deferred tax In respect of the current year Adjustment to deferred tax attributable to changes in tax rates and laws [27] Total income tax recognised in the current year Income tax reconciliation Profit before tax [27] Tax expenses reported during the year Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Difference [27] Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction Depreciation on leasehold building / Building revaluation Depreciation on leasehold building / Building revaluation Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] The corporate social Responsibility The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Peferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	31.03.2022
n respect of the current year n respect of the prior year Cher (describe) Deferred tax In respect of the current year Adjustment to deferred tax attributable to changes in tax rates and laws [27] Total income tax recognised in the current year [27] Income tax reconciliation Profit before tax [27] Tax expenses reported during the year Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Difference [27] Difference [27] Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction Depreciation on leasehold building /Building revaluation Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27]	
In respect of the prior year Other (describe) Deferred tax In respect of the current year Adjustment to deferred tax attributable to changes in tax rates and laws (27) Adjustment to deferred tax attributable to changes in tax rates and laws (27) Total income tax recognised in the current year (27) Income tax reconciliation Profit before tax (466) Tax expenses reported during the year Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Difference (27) Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction Depreciation on leasehold building /Building revaluation Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Opereciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses (27) Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	
n respect of the prior year - Ther (describe) - Operered tax n respect of the current year Adjustment to deferred tax attributable to changes in tax rates and laws - (27)	210
Deferred tax In respect of the current year Adjustment to deferred tax attributable to changes in tax rates and laws [27] Adjustment to deferred tax attributable to changes in tax rates and laws [27] [7 total income tax recognised in the current year [27] [7 total income tax reconciliation Profit before tax [27] [37] [466] [466] [47] [466] [47] [466] [47] [466] [47] [47] [48] [48] [49] [49] [40	
Deferred tax In respect of the current year Income tax recognised in the current year Income tax reconciliation Profit before tax It ax expenses reported during the year Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Income - Section 80M Deduction It ax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Into - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Income tax expenses Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) Income tax expenses recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	
n respect of the current year Adjustment to deferred tax attributable to changes in tax rates and laws [27] [27] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [210
Adjustment to deferred tax attributable to changes in tax rates and laws (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (28) (28) (29) (27)	
Adjustment to deferred tax attributable to changes in tax rates and laws (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (28) (28) (29) (27)	26
Cotal income tax recognised in the current year Cotal income tax recognised in the current year Cotal income tax reconciliation	-
ncome tax reconciliation Profit before tax (466) Fax expenses reported during the year (27) ncome tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Difference (27) Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction Depreciation on leasehold building /Building revaluation Fax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Dethers - Corporate Social Responsibility Dithers - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses (27) Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws 25.168% Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	26
Income tax reconciliation Profit before tax (466) Tax expenses reported during the year (27) Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Difference (27) Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction Depreciation on leasehold building /Building revaluation Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses [27] Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws 25.168% Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income	
Profit before tax (466)	236
Profit before tax (466)	
Tax expenses reported during the year (27) Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction - Depreciation on leasehold building /Building revaluation Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired - Others - Corporate Social Responsibility - Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) (27) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses (27) Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws 25.168% Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	026
Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Difference (27) Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction Depreciation on leasehold building /Building revaluation Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses (27) Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	920
Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% Difference (27) Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction Depreciation on leasehold building /Building revaluation Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses (27) Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	236
Difference (27) Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses - Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction - Depreciation on leasehold building /Building revaluation - Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired - Others - Corporate Social Responsibility - Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) (27) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses (27) Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws 25.168% Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	232
Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction Depreciation on leasehold building /Building revaluation Fax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Dithers - Corporate Social Responsibility Dithers - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Dithers Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	23.
Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction Depreciation on leasehold building /Building revaluation Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Dthers - Corporate Social Responsibility Dthers - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	Sar 1
Dividend income - Section 80M Deduction Depreciation on leasehold building / Building revaluation Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	್ಷ
Depreciation on leasehold building /Building revaluation Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	110
Tax on Fair Market value of Shares acquired Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses (27) Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	(18
Others - Corporate Social Responsibility Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	-
Others - Depreciation on Project I assets (permanent diff) Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses (27) Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	19
Others Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses (27) Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	:
Total - Differential tax impact due to the following (tax benefits) / tax expenses (27) Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws 25.168% Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	((
Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	
Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws 25.168% Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	=
Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations) (27) The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	
The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws 25.168% Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	#
The corporate tax rate including surcharge and education cess payable in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws 25.168% Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	
Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	236
Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	
Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	25.168
Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	(27)
n income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income	
	9
Net gain on designated portion of hedging instruments in cash flow hedges	2
Rifurcation of the income tay recognised in other comprehensive income into	
Bifurcation of the income tax recognised in other comprehensive income into Items that will not reclassified to profit or loss	-
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	20



Related party disclosures

Note No 21

Related party relationships as identified by the Management and relied upon by Auditors

Holding company

Carborundum Universal Ltd.

Subsidiaries of holding company

- a. CUMI America Inc., USA
- b. Net Access India Ltd.
- c. Sterling Abrasives Ltd
- d. CUMI Australia Pty Ltd., Australia
- e. CUMI International Limited, Cyprus
- f. CUMI Middle East FZE, Ras Al Khaimah, UAE
- g. OAO Volzhsky Abrasives Works, Russia
- h. Foskor Zirconia (Pty) Ltd, South Africa
- i. CUMI Abrasives & Ceramics Company Limited
- j. CUMI Europe S.R.O
- k. Pluss Advanced Technologies Private Limited
- I. CUMI Awuko Abrasives GmbH, Germany
- m. Rhodius Abrasives GmbH, Germany.

Joint Ventures of holding company

- a. Murugappa Morgan Thermal Ceramics Ltd
- b. Ciria India Ltd.

Associate of holding company

- a. Wendt (India) Ltd
- b. Wendt Grinding Technologies Limited, Thailand
- c. Wendt (Middle East) FZE

Transactions with related party - Holding Company

Particulars	During the year ended 31.03.2023	During the year ended 31.03.2022
Income from energy sales	1,794	1,943
Dividend income	86	73
Dividend paid	P	195
Management Fees	4	40
Payables	2	3
Receivables	144	180



outhern Energy Development Corporation Limited	
lotes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023	

		T	
	Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
22	Contingent liabilities and capital commitments		
ï	Contingent liabilities		
	(i) Income Tax Act 1961 – Assistant Commissioner of Income tax – Assessment Year 2010-11 – Rectification petition filed.	21	21
	(ii) Income Tax Act 1951 – Commissioner of Income tax appeals – Assessment Year 2011-12	6	6
a.	Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt Electricity Tax on consumption & duty on generation demanded by TNEB Less: Amount of Rs. 116.80 lakhs deposited in the High court.	350	350
b.	Power generated and used for captive purpose was exempted from electricity tax by Tamilnadu Government vide GOs between 2008-10 and SEDCO had availed this exemption. However, the Electricity authority vide letter dated 21.01.2014 has demanded electricity tax of Rs.88.48 lakhs & interest of Rs. 43.83 lakhs claiming that the said exemption is not applicable to SEDCO. The company, being a captive power generating unit, is of the view that it is entitled to this electricity tax exemption and has appealed to the Tamilnadu Government against this TNEB demand. The Govt. rejected the appeal vide letter dt.23.10.15. SEDCO filed a Writ petition in the High Court of Madras on 21.12.2015 and as per the directions 50% of the disputed Tax amount of Rs. 44.24 lakhs has been remitted.	132	132
II.	Capital commitments Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for		
	Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 There are no overdue amounts / interest payable to Micro and Small Enterprises as per the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 at the Balance Sheet date.	1 s	67
	Employee benefits A. GRATUITY		
a	Contribution to Superannuation fund are funded with Life Insurance Corporation of India. 15% of the basic salary of each confirmed employee is remitted to LIC on the instructions of the Holding company, which holds and manages the master policy / scheme.	5	4



Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-
The details of actuarial valuation in respect of gratuity liability in respect of the company are given	1	
below:		
1	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Cre
lind AS 19	Method	Meth
Period Covered	FY 2022-23	FY 2021
renou covereu	F1 2022-23	F1 2021
Change in defined benefit obligation	31-03-2023	31-03-20
Defined benefit obligation at beginning of period	33	
Service cost	3	
b. Past service cost		(-
c. (Gain) / loss on settlements	0	
Interest expenses	2	
Cash flows	345	22
a. Benefit payments from plan		
b. Benefit payments from employer	885	2.5
c. Settlement payments from plan	987	
d.Settlement payments from employer	200	n 72
Remeasurements	1.00	15
a. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions	3.00	9.00
b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions	(≆)	(2
c. Effect of experience adjustments	727	52
Transfer In /Out		9
a. Transfer In	;●:	1.9
b. Transfer out	590	
Change in fair value of plan assets Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period Interest income	31-03-2023 2 0	31-03-20
Cash flows	Ĭ	
a. Total employer contributions		
(i) Employer contributions	5	
(ii) Employer direct benefit payments		
(iii) Employer direct settlement payments		
b. Participant contributions	-	5
c. Benefit payments from plan assets	1	
d. Benefit payments from employer	(s) ² 1	
e. Adjustments to opening assets		
le: Adjustifients to opening assets		172
	38.	10.5
Remeasurements from employer	*	5%
f. Settlement payments from employer	ж ж	
f. Settlement payments from employer Remeasurements	•	3
f. Settlement payments from employer Remeasurements a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	- - - (0)	3
f. Settlement payments from employer Remeasurements a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Transfer In /Out	(0)	
f. Settlement payments from employer Remeasurements a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Transfer In /Out a. Transfer In	· 1	
f. Settlement payments from employer Remeasurements a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Transfer In /Out b. Transfer out Fair value of plan assets at end of period	7	24 00 0
f. Settlement payments from employer Remeasurements a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Transfer In /Out a. Transfer In b. Transfer out Fair value of plan assets at end of period Amounts recognized in the statement of financial position	7 31-03-2023	31-03-2
f. Settlement payments from employer Remeasurements a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Transfer In /Out a. Transfer In b. Transfer out Fair value of plan assets at end of period Amounts recognized in the statement of financial position Defined benefit obligation	7 31-03-2023 39	
f. Settlement payments from employer Remeasurements a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Transfer In /Out a. Transfer In b. Transfer out Fair value of plan assets at end of period Amounts recognized in the statement of financial position Defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	7 31-03-2023 39 (7)	31-03-20
f. Settlement payments from employer Remeasurements a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Transfer In /Out a. Transfer In b. Transfer out Fair value of plan assets at end of period Amounts recognized in the statement of financial position Defined benefit obligation	7 31-03-2023 39	



Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 202
Components of defined benefit cost	31-03-2023	31-03-
Service cost		
a, Current service cost	3	
b. Past service cost	8	
c. (Gain) / loss on settlements		
Total service cost	3	
Net interest cost	2	
a. Interest expense on DBO		
b. Interest (income) on plan assets		
c. Interest expense on effect of (asset ceiling)		
d. Total net interest cost		
Remeasurements (recognized in other comprehensive income)		
a. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions	9	
b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions	9	
c. Effect of experience adjustments	==	
d. (Return) on plan assets (excluding interest income)	54	
e. Changes in asset ceiling (excluding interest income)	12	
f. Total remeasurements included in OCI	SE_,	
Total defined benefit cost recognized in P&L and OCI	5	
Re-measurement	31-03-2023	31-03-
a. Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO	0	
b. Returns above Interest Income	0	
c. Change in Asset ceiling	E4 1	
Total Re-measurements (OCI)	0	
1	<u> </u>	
Employer Expense (P&L)	31-03-2023	31-03-
a. Current Service Cost	3	
b. Interest Cost on net DBO	2	
c. Past Service Cost	3+2	
d. Total P& L Expenses	5	
	,	
Sensitivity analysis in respect of the actuarial assumptions used in calculation of defined benefit obligation is	given below:	
Particulars	31-03-2023	31-03
Discount rate - 100 basis point higher	(35)	
Discount rate - 100 basis point lower	44	
Salary escalation rate - 100 basis point higher	43	
Salary escalation rate - 100 basis point lower	(35)	
Assumptions :		
Interest / Discount Rate	7.23%	7
Expected Salary Escalation	10%	
Provident fund		
This scheme is managed by the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner.	6	
B. LEAVE ENCASHMENT		
Non-funded leave encashment provided for management staff as per the company policy		
The details of actuarial valuation in respect of leave liability in respect of the company are given		
below:	31-03-2023	31-03
Change in Defined Benefit Obligation		
Defined Benefit Obligation at the beginning of the year	16	
Service Cost	2	
Interest Cost	1	
Benefits paid by Employer	1	
Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss	(2)	
Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of the year	16	
,		
Change in Fair Value of Assets		
Net Defined Benefit Asset / (Liability)	390	
Defined Benefit Obligations		
-		
Fair Value of Plan Assets	(e)	
(Surplus) / Deficit	(6)	
Net Defined Benefit Liability / (Asset)	181	
Amount Porgained in Profit and Loss Account		
Amount Recognised in Profit and Loss Account Not defined benefit Liability / (Accot) at prior period and	15	
Net defined benefit Liability / (Asset) at prior period end	16	
Defined Benefit Cost included in P & L	1	
Direct benefit payments made by Employer Net defined benefit Liability / (Asset) at end of period	1	
INSECUENTIED DECRUS CADULTY / LASSECT AT PRO OF DEFINO	16	
The defined believe about 7 (Voset) at end of period		
	1 4.	
Segmental Disclosure		



outhern Energy Development Corporation Limited lotes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2	2023	(Rupees in lakhs)
Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
26 a. Value of imports on CIF basis	78.5	140.15
b.Expenditure in foreign currency	0.57	0.49
27 Auditors' remuneration		
For Statutory audit	1.25	1.25
For Tax audit	0.20	0.20
Total	1.45	1.45



Notes to Earnings per Share (EPS)

Note No.28 (Rupees in lakhs)

There are no potential equity shares. Hence, the basic and diluted EPS are the same

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Net profit for the year	(439)	685
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the	1	
year	4,60,008	4,60,008
Earnings per share - Basic and Diluted (in Rs.)	(95.42)	148.85
Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year	4,60,008	4,60,008
No. of equity shares at the end of the year	4,60,008	4,60,008



Southern Energy Development Corporation Limited

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Financial Instruments

(i) Capital management

The Company's capital management is intended to maximise the return to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders for meeting the long-term and short-term goals of the Company; and reduce the cost of capital through the optimization of the capital structure i.e. the debt and equity balance.

(Rupees in Jakhs) Note No.29

For the purpose of capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other reserves attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Net debt long-term and short-term borrowings (excluding derivatives and financial guarantee contracts) including current maturities of long-term borrowings and current maturities of finance obligations as reduced by cash and cash equivalents.

(ii) Categories of financial instruments

	As	4s at
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Financial assets		
Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		

0

0

20,167

24,770

509

111 199

(a) Mandatorily measured: (i) Equity investments (ii) Derivative instruments designated in hedge accounting relationship

Measured at fair value through Other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

(i) Equity investments

Measured at amortised cost

(a) Cash and bank balances

(b) Other financial assets at amortised cost

Liquidity risk management

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligation when due. Due to dynamic nature of underlying businesses, company treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines. Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which maintaining adequate reserves and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Note below sets out details of additional undrawn facilities that has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity managements. The company manages liquidity risk by the company has at its disposal to further reduce liquidity risk.





Note No.29

Southern Energy Development Corporation Limited Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at 31 March 2023:

Particulars	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 3 years Total Cosh flows	cash flows
Non-current financial liabilities Borrowings and interest thereon Finance lease liability	¥0 104	±0. ₹	9 X	# #:	ř ť	th of
Current financial liabilities Borrowings and interest thereon Trade payables Finance lease liability Other financial liabilities	196	196	C (4C 407)	2 B J J	9 3 E	196

١٤	ŀ
٧ ا	4
5 I	ļ,
ā	
Ξ.	L
5	ľ
ä	l
g	ı
S.	١
	ŀ
Ě	ı
á	ı
-	ı
es	Ļ
ē	ı
Ξ	ı
8	۱
ă	l
Ē	۱
68	۱
•	۱
돌	١
ž	۱
5	ŀ
S	I
Ę.	۱
ቜ	ı
ā	ı
Ξ	ı
Ċ.	ı
a	ı
Ë	I
ž	ı
S	ı
Ë	١
Ξ	1
at	ı
Ε	
Ē	
ŧ	
ē	
Ĕ	
ü	
he	
9	
Ĕ	
Ē	
30.5	,
2	
is	
eta	
Ď	
es	
`>	
VO	
y proví	
ow provi	
below provi	
e below provi	
sble below provi	
table below provi	
The table below provi	
The table below provi	

Particulars	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years Total contracted cash flows	cash flows
Non-current financial liabilities						(0
Borrowings and interest thereon	3.9%	10	<u> </u>	20	¥tt (€6)
Finance lease liability	(9)	(1)	K:	P/6	4	
Current financial liabilities						34
Borrowings and interest thereon	11:00	(4	TE.	ř	5	*
Trade navables	111	111	60	ř.)	111
Finance lease liability	E	0	.56	€	141	88
Other financial liabilities	8	8	(V	ř.	•17	20

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial assets including estimated interest receipts (if any) as at 31 March 2023:

Particulars	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	I-3 years	s-p years	cash flows	cash flows
Non-current financial assets					•	
Other financial assets	0	W.	90 T	3)((
Current financial assets	(b)	¥P	OF C	ũ.	К	
Trade receivables	198	198	9	**	57	261
Source to analyze a	-	1	3 55	(27)		
Advance to employees	•	XI	68	Ü	55	*:
Inter curporate deposits	ř.	(6)		ï	Tail	(0.)
Other financial assets	255					

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial assets including estimated interest receipts (if any) as at 31 March 2022:

Particulars	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years Total contracted cash flows	Total contracted cash flows
Non-current financial assets Other financial assets	0	£*57	G)		0	0
Current financial assets						
Trade receivables	230	230	(667)	34	₩	230
Advance to employees	0	0	SF.	96		0
Inter corporate deposits		33	90	30	100	901
Other financial assets	i	01		411	*	30

Fair value measurements

This note provides information about how the company determines fair value of various financial assets and financial liabilities.

Fair value of the company's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Some of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used):

Financial assets/financial liabilities	Fair Value as at	e as at	Fair value	Valuation Techniques & key inputs
	As at	As at	hierarchy	nsed
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022		
Investments in quoted equity instruments in holding company at FVTOCI	24,142	19,539	Level 1	Qouted bid price in an Active Market (refer note below)
Investments in unquoted equity instruments at FVTOCI	628	628		84
Investments in unquoted instruments at FVTPL	0	0	level 3	FVTOCI

Note 1: These investments in equity instruments are not for trading. Instead, they are held for long term strategic purpose. Upon the application of IND AS 109, the company has chosen to designate these investments in fair value immediately in profit or loss. instruments as at FVTOCI as the directors believe that this provides a more meaningful presentation for medium or long term strategic investments, than reflecting changes in fair value immediately in profit or loss.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 in the period.



Note No.29

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Southern Energy Development Corporation Limited

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required)

	Fair value hierarchu	31.03.2023	.2023	31.03.2022	2022
Particulars		Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets at amortised cost:					
Non-current financial assets		11			
Other financial assets					
Other deposit	Level 3	0	0	0	0
		9.58	Ñ		· ·
Current financial assets			3	1504	(3)
Trade receivables	Level 2	198	198	230	230
Other financial assets		383	6	•	0
Advances to employees	Level 3	-	1	0	0
Inter- corporate deposit	Level 3		ì	90	*
Other advances	Level 3	8.6	90	((4))	0
		*	ű	30	8
Financial liabilities held at amortised cost:		•7	Ü	40	ÿ
		70	200	57433	Ñ
Non-current financial liabilities		90	ž	N	0
Borrowings and interest thereon	E Free 3	10	•	A (0)	÷
Finance lease and interest thereon	Level 2	(10)	1903	ric.	200
		69.	.2	.09	39
Current financial liabilities				97	ř
Borrowings and interest thereon	Level 3	62	51	10	0))
Trade payables	Level 2	196	196	111	111
Others financial liabilities		æ	ď	Œ	•
Finance lease and interest thereon	Level 2	60	10	#II	Ð
Others financial liabilities	Level 3	4	4	80	80

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities included above have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.



Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Note No.30 (Rupees in lakhs)

During the year, the Company incurred an aggregate amount of Rs.16.71 lakhs (Previous Year Rs.12.40 lakhs) towards Corporate Social Responsibility against Rs. 16.71 lakhs to be spent (Previous year: Rs. 12.19 lakhs) as per provision of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant schedule and rules

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
A. Expenditure incurred directly by the Company: Rural Development - Nallur Village Panchayat Rural Development - Solar Lights/Street Lights Rural Development - Nallur School Development	0 17	1 7 4
Total CSR Expenditure	17	12



22 Favourable / [Adverse] in % [Adve	Southeri Notes fo	Southern Energy Development Corporation Limited Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023	nited statements for the year ende	d 31st March 202	E)				
Current Ratio			RATIOS				Note 31		
Current Ratio	S.No	RATIOS	Description	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	Favourable /	REMARKS
Debt Equity Ratio	1	Current Ratio	Current Assets	383	885			Wavelsey III &	
Debt Equity Ratio			Current Liabilities	216	135	1.77	6.57	(73.09)	Drop in Current Ratio on account of (i) withdrawal of fixed deposits to fund operating losses.and
Debt Service Coverage Ratio									(ii) increase in liabilities for natural gas purchases.
NA	7	Debt Equity Ratio		NA	Ϋ́ Z	N A	A A		
Net worth	m	Debt Service Coverage Ratio		N A	A	Ā	Š		
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	4	Return on Equity Ratio	PAT Net worth	(439) 24,074	685	-5%	%4	(147,89)	Drop in profitability due to higher input cost of natural gas.
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Ŋ	Inventory Turnover Ratio				N A	NA		
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	'D	Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Net Sales Average Accounts Receivable	2,587 214	2,452	12.09	9.91	22.04	
Net Capital Turnover Ratio Net Sales 2,587 2,452 46.96 10.17 36.196 Net Capital Turnover Ratio Working Capital 55 241 16.97% 27.93% (160.75) Net Profit Ratio Net Sales 2,587 2,452 -16.97% 27.93% (160.75) Return on Capital Employed EBITDA (419) 934 -2% 4% (137.67) Return on Investment Capital Employed 25,870 21,733 22,733 4% (137.67) Return on Investment Obening date - PMV vs on Opening FMV + Dividend) / (opening FMV + Div	7	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Cost of Materials Consumed Average Accounts Payable	2,721 96	906	28.20	12.95	117.81	Increase in input costs of natural gas.
Net Frofit Ratio	.00	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net Sales	2,587	2,452	46.96	10,17	361.96	Working Capital reduction due to increase in amount
Net Profit Ratio Net Sales 2,587 2,452 -16,97% 27,93% (160.75) Return on Capital Employed EBITDA (419) 934 -2% 4% (137,67) Return on Investment on Investment on Depring Emborate as on closing date - Putflow + Dividendly (lopening FMV + Dividendly) (lopening FMV + Dividendly) (lopening FMV + Dividendly) 24856 7632 123,25 60,53 103,62			Working Capital	55	241				payable to ONGC (due to gas price increase). Reduction in other current assets due to better receivable management
Return on Capital Employed	o.	Net Profit Ratio	Net Sales Profit after tax	2,587 (439)	2,452	-16.97%	27.93%	(160.75)	Drop in profitability on account of increase in natural gas price
Return on Investment : (FMV as on Opening date - FMV as on Opening date - Outflow + Dividend) /(opening FMV + 24856 7632 123.25 60.53 103.62	10	Return on Capital Employed	EBITDA Capital Employed	(419) 25,870	934 21,733	-2%	4%	(137.67)	Drop in profitability on account of increase in natural gas price and higher OCI on valuation of investments in equity shares in the holding company,
20167 12608	-	Beturn on Investment	Return on Investment: {FMV as on closing date - FMV as on Opening date - Outflow + Outflow / Opening FMV + Outflow)	24856	7637	20 FC1	O C	103.62	Increase in fair market value of investment in equity shares of holdine company.
	:			20167	12608		3		

Explanatory Notes:

Average Accounts Receivable : Average of (Opening Receivables plus Closing Receivables)
Average Accounts Payable : Average of (Opening Payables plus Closing Payables)
Working Capital : Current Assets - Current Liabilities
EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest Depreciation Tax and Amortisation)
Capital Employed : Tangible Networth +/- Deferred Tax



Southern Energy Development Corporation Limited

Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

32 Changes in Accounting Policy

There are no changes to the Accounting policies of the company in comparison to that in the previous year.

Financial impact of Covid-19 lockdown for the financial year under review and events after the reporting period

The Management is of the view that there has been no significant impact in the operations from the economic disruption caused by the Covid -19 and there has been no significant event relating to COVID-19 that requires reporting during the financial year 2022-23. The Company continues to monitor the economic effects of the pandemic and its likely future impact on the business.

34 Transactions with struck off Companies

The Company has no transactions with the Companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.

35

The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority in the current year and previous year.

36 Transactions in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current year and previous year.

37

Details of Benami Property Held No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.

Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC) 39

This clause is not applicable to this company as the company has no borrowings.

40 Compliance with number of layers of companies

This clause is not applicable to this company as the company has no subsidiaries.

41 General

- The company has entered into an agreement with its consumers, who are Carborundum Universal Limited (CUMI) group companies, for the period of the agreement with ONGC, based on a. which energy is billed to its consumers at the rate charged by Tamil Nadu Electricity Board to these consumers.
- b. The company has also entered into Solar power sale agreement with group companies for a period of 24 years based on the estimated useful life of the Solar power asset,
- Based on the nature of the business of the Company and the normal time between the acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has c. determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non current.

In terms of our report attached

For Jagannathan & Sarabeswaran

Chartered Accountants FRN 0012045

Vivek Sarabeswaran Partner

M No: 206383

Chennai Date: 13/04/2023 For Southern Energy Development Corporation Limited

Mair Nandkumar Director 08660881

Director 01204396

